FLOOD PLAIN OVERLAY DISTRICT (F)

The regulations in this ordinance shall overlay and supplement the regulations in the Town of

Plainfield Zoning Ordinance, and shall be considered part of the Zoning Ordinance for purposes of

administration and appeals under state law. If any provision of this ordinance differs or appears to

conflict with any provision of the Zoning Ordinance or other ordinance or regulation, the provision

imposing the greater restriction or more stringent standard shall be controlling.

The following regulations in this ordinance shall apply to all lands designated as special flood hazard

areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in its "Flood Insurance Study for the

County of Sullivan, N.H." dated May 23, 2006 or as amended together with the associated Flood

Insurance Rate Maps, and Flood Boundary & Floodway Maps dated May 23, 2006 which are

declared to be a part of this ordinance and are hereby incorporated by reference. Item I.

All proposed development in any special flood hazard areas shall require a permit.

The building inspector shall review all building permit applications for new construction or

substantial improvements to determine whether proposed building sites will be reasonably safe from

flooding. If a proposed building site is located in a special flood hazard area, all new construction or

substantial improvements shall:

(i) be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent floatation, collapse, Town of Plainfield

Zoning Ordinance

10

or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy,

- (ii) be constructed with materials resistant to flood damage,
- (iii) be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages,
- (iv) be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and air conditioning equipment, and other service facilities that are designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.

Item II.

Where new or replacement water and sewer systems (including on-site systems) are proposed in a

special flood hazard area the applicant shall provide the Building Inspector with assurance that these

systems will be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and

discharges from the systems into flood waters, and on-site waste disposal systems will be located to

avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during periods of flooding. Item III.

For all new or substantially improved structures located in Zones A, A1-30, AE, A0 or AH, the

applicant shall furnish the following information to the building inspector:

- (a) the as-built elevation (in relation to NGVD) of the lowest floor (including basement) and include whether or not such structures contain a basement.
- (b) if the structure has been floodproofed, the as-built elevation (in relation to NGVD) to which the structure was floodproofed.
- (c) any certification of floodproofing.

The Building Inspector shall maintain for public inspection, and shall furnish such information upon

request.

Recreational vehicles placed on sites within Zones A1-30, AH and AE shall either (i) be on the site

for fewer than 180 consecutive days, (ii) be fully licensed and ready for highway use, or (iii) meet all

standards of section 60.3 (b) (1) of the National Flood Insurance Program Regulations and the

elevation and anchoring requirements for "manufactured homes" in paragraph (c) (6) of section 60.3

Item IV.

The Building Inspector shall not grant a building permit until the applicant certifies that all necessary

permits have been received from those governmental agencies from which approval is required by

federal or state law, including Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments Town of Plainfield

Zoning Ordinance

11

of 1972, 33 U. S. C. 1334.

Item V.

1. In riverine situations, prior to the alteration or relocation of a watercourse the applicant for such

authorization shall notify the Wetlands Board of the New Hampshire Environmental Services

Department and submit copies of such notification to the Building Inspector, in addition to the

copies required by RSA 482-A:3. Further, the applicant shall be required to submit copies of said

notification to those adjacent communities as determined by the Building Inspector, including notice

of all scheduled hearings before the Wetlands Board.

2. The applicant shall submit to the Building Inspector, certification provided by a registered

professional engineer, assuring that the flood carrying capacity of an altered or relocated watercourse

can and will be maintained.

3. Along watercourses with a designated Regulatory Floodway no encroachments, including fill new

construction, substantial improvements, and other development are allowed within the floodway

unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in accordance

with standard engineering practices that the proposed encroachment would not result in any increase

in flood levels within the community during the base flood discharge.

4. Until a Regulatory Floodway is designated along watercourses, no new construction, substantial

improvements, or other development (including fill) shall be permitted within zone AE on the

FIRM, unless it is demonstrated by the applicant that the cumulative effect of the proposed

development, when combined with all existing and anticipated development, will not increase the

water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any point within the community.

The Building Inspector shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any floodway data available from

Federal, State, or other sources as criteria for requiring that all development located in Zone A meet

the following floodway requirement:

No encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development are allowed within the floodway that would result in any increase in flood levels within

the community during the base flood discharge.

Item VI.

1. In special flood hazard areas the Building Inspector shall determine the 100 year flood elevation

in the following order of precedence according to the data available:

- a. In zones Al-30, AH, AE, Vl-30, and VE refer to the elevation data provided in the community's Flood Insurance Study and accompanying FIRM or FHBM.
- b. In zone A the Building Inspector shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any 100 year Town of Plainfield

Zoning Ordinance

flood elevation data available from any federal, state or other source including data submitted for development proposals submitted to the community (i.e. subdivisions, site approvals).

2. The Building Inspector's 100 year flood elevation determination will be used as criteria for

requiring in zones A, AE:

a. all new construction or substantial improvement of residential structures have the lowest

floor (including basement) elevated to or above the 100 year flood elevation;

b. that all new construction or substantial improvements of non-residential structures have

the lowest floor (including basement) elevated to or above the 100 year flood level; or together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall:

- (i) be floodproofed so that below the 100 year flood elevation the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water;
- (ii) have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and the effects of buoyancy; and
- (iii) be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect that the design and methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting the provisions of this section;
- c. all manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved within special flood hazard areas shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the manufactured home is at or above the base flood level; and be securely anchored to resist floatation, collapse, or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors. This requirement is in addition to applicable state and local anchoring requirements for resisting wind forces; d. for all new Construction and substantial improvements, fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are permitted provided they meet the following requirements: (1) the enclosed area is unfinished or flood resistant, usable solely for the parking of vehicles, building access or storage; (2) the area is not a basement; (3) shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for

the entry and exit of floodwater. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect or must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria: A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less

than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwater. Town of Plainfield Zoning Ordinance

13

Item VII Variances and Appeals:

1. Any order, requirement, decision or determination of the building inspector made under

this ordinance may be appealed to the Zoning Board of Adjustment as set forth in RSA

676:5.

2. If the applicant, upon appeal, requests a variance as authorized by RSA 674:33, I(b), the

applicant shall have the burden of showing in addition to the usual variance standards under

state law:

- (a) that the variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, or extraordinary public expense.
- (b) that if the requested variance is for activity within a designated regulatory floodway, no increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge will result.
- (c) that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
- 3. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall notify the applicant in writing that: (i) the issuance

of a variance to construct below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates

for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage and (ii) such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variance actions.

4. The community shall (i) maintain a record of all variance actions, including their justification for their issuance, and (ii) report such variances issued in its annual or biennial

report submitted to FEMA's Federal Insurance Administrator.